



- حصص مباشرة
- 2 حصص مسجلة
 - 3 دورات مكثفة

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Unit Two: Our Findings

Unit 3 for L-S

Theme: Communication The Press

1* Means of Communication (Tv, Newspapers, Magazines...)















How to report event, accident, news



- Survey
- Interview
- Articles
- Graphs









حصص مباشرة

حصص مسجلة



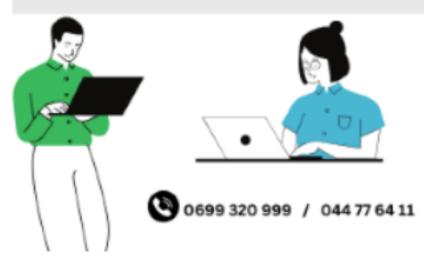










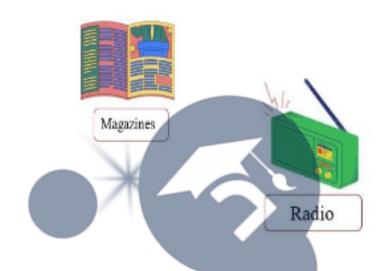


Unit Two: Our Findings

<u>Theme</u>: Communication The Press

Grammar







2_Reporting verbs: Said, told, wondered, asked, answered, replied..

- 3_ adjectives using suffixes ful and less
- 4_ Stress shift from noun to adjective >
- 5 Pronunciation of final "s"







1 حصص مباشرة

2 حصص مسجلة

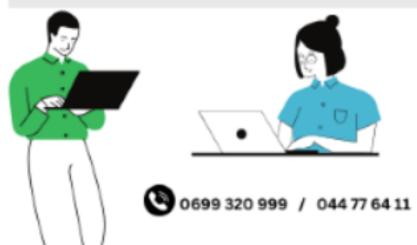










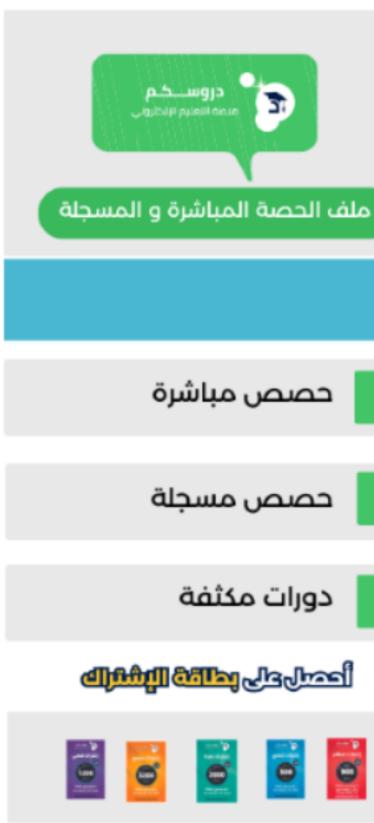


SAY IT CLEAR

1 Match words from column A with words from column B to form compound words. closed and opened

Column A	Column B	Column A	Column B
NEWS	LINE	BOOK	SHOP
BROAD	SELLER	POST	MAN .
HEAD	PAPER	NEWS	CASTER
NEWS	AGENT	SPORTS	WORD
BEST	CAST	CROSS	CARD

② Listen and underline the stressed part of your compound words. Example: newspaper







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2 Compound words

Compound words, particualry nouns, are usually stressed on the first part. Listen and practice.

barber shop can opener clock tower motorcycle post office travel agent wrist watch





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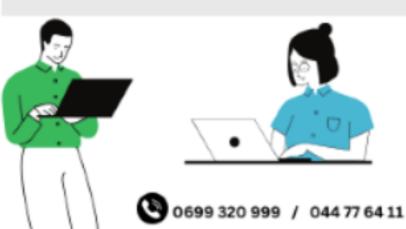




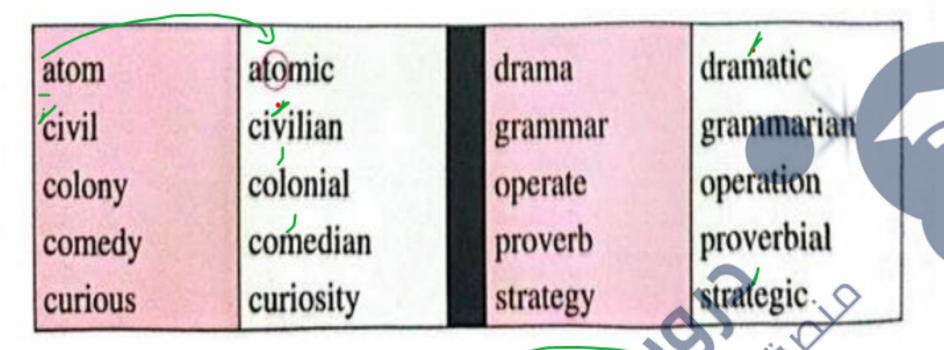






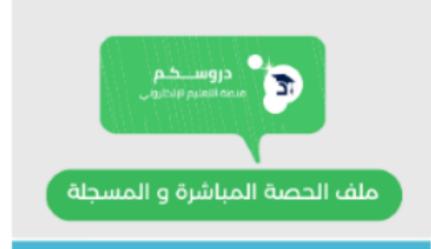


1 Listen and circle the stressed syllable of the words in the boxes below.



nouns-1st verbs - 2nd





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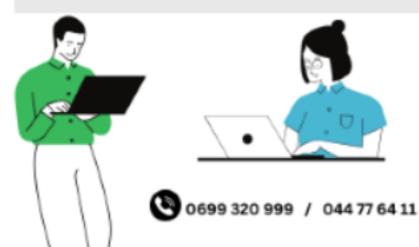












Direct S: Mohamed says I am very happy today because my brother is home. because his

Rules for Simple Present

Direct Speech

We use

Simple present

first form of verb

Example

- · She said "I live in Delhi"
- He said "I live in Delhi"
- I said "I live in Delhi"

Indirect Speech

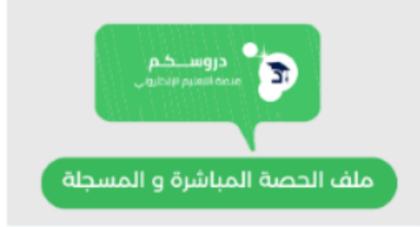
We use

Simple Past

Second form of verb

Example

- She said that she **lived** in Delhi
- He said that he lived in Delhi
- I said that I lived in Delhi



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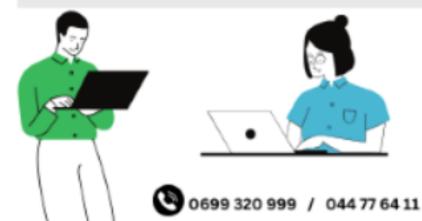












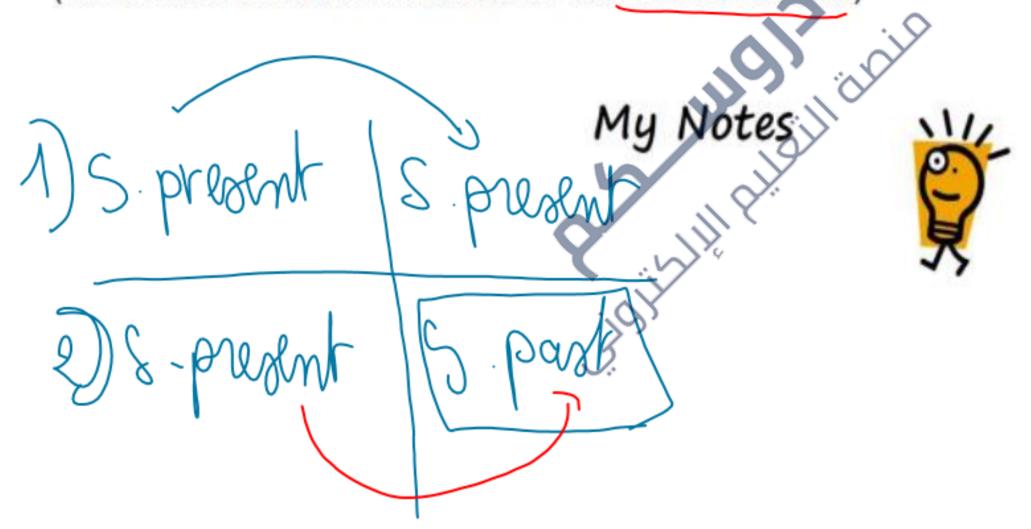
GRAMMAR NOTE

It's not always necessary to change the verb in reported speech. If the situation is still the same, you do not need to change the verb to past.

For example:

Kelly said (that) her kids are at home.

(The situation is still the same and her kids are still at home.)





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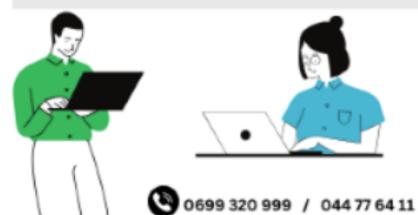












He said He says

Reported Statements: Present Simple

Change the direct speech into reported speech.

- 1. "I live in New York"

 She said + hat she lived in New York

 S.P.
- 2. "He works in a bank"

 She told me that he worked in a bank."

 5.0
- 3. "Julie doesn't like going out much"

 She said + hat tulie dignts with the Going Julie dignts with the going out much the going out the going out much the going ou



- حصص مباشرة
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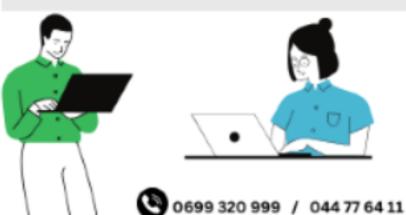


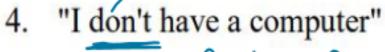












"They never arrive on time"

She said that they never arrived on time

"We often meet friends in London at the weekend"

7. "David doesn't have any children"

"I don't go to the gym very often"



حصص مباشرة

حصص مسجلة

دورات مكثفة

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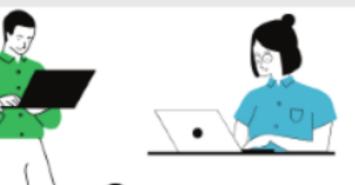












10. "I never get up early on Fridays"

She said that she never got up early on tricking.



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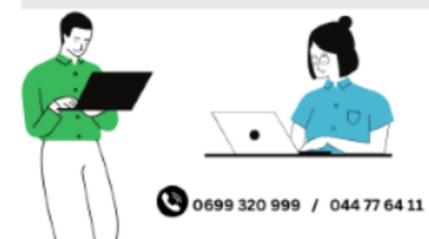






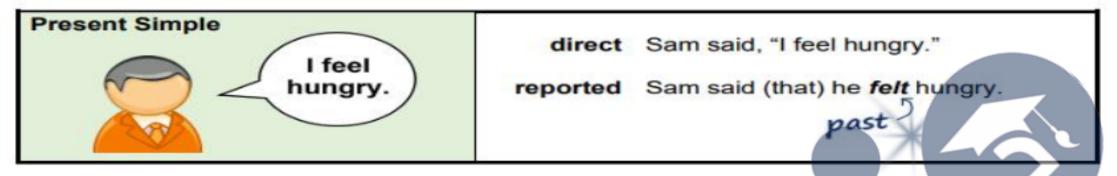




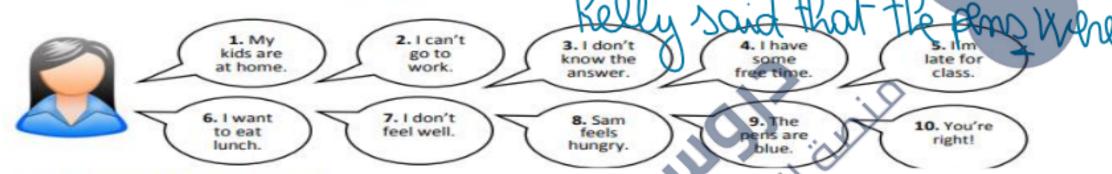


REPORTED SPEECH 1





Write the sentences using reported speech.



ANSWER KEY

- 1. Kelly said (that) her kids were at home.
- Kelly said (that) she couldn't go to work.
- Kelly said that she didn't know the answer.
- Kelly said (that) she had some free time.
- Kelly said (that) she was late for class.

- 6. Kelly said (that) she wanted to eat lunch.
- 7. Kelly said (that) she didn't feel well.
- 8. Kelly said (that) Sam felt hungry.
- 9. Kelly said (that) the pens were blue.
- Kelly said (that) I was right.



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Unit Three / Script 1 (Listening and speaking)

Interviewer: Excuse me, sir. My name is Alison Broadbent. I'm a reporter, and I

work for the *Daily Messenger*. May I ask you a few questions?

Interviewee: Certainly.

Interviewer: Thank you. Tell me; how often do you read newspapers?

Interviewee: Well, I always read daily newspapers, especially on weekdays when I

travel to and from work.

Interviewer: Do you mean that you read morning as well as evening newspapers?

Interviewee: Yes, that's right.

Interviewer: Quite interesting. Now, what sort of newspaper do you usually read?

Interviewee: I usually read quality papers, I mean serious ones.

Interviewer: Fine. What do you mean by serious newspapers?

Interviewee: Well, I mean newspapers which are objective in reporting news. When I read a newspaper, I want to have reliable information. That's why I hate those sensational stories you read in tabloids. You know those papers which people generally call popular. They are so boring ... and so feckless!

Interviewer: I see. And why do you exactly hate them, may I ask?

Interviewee: Let me think. The news content is so sensational that one doesn't know where the truth is. They are full of half-truths. They don't report events objectively. They just want to shock you with their screaming headlines, and thus get you to buy them.

Interviewer: Okay. Thank you very much. Goodbye.

Interviewee: Goodbye.



Unit Three / Script 2 (Developing Skills)

Interviewer: Excuse me. My name's Lydia Chennab. I'm doing a survey on high school students' leisure time activities. Can I ask you a few questions?

High school student: Yes, if you're quick.

Interviewer: First, what's your name?

High school student: My name's Kadiri Sihem.

Interviewer: Well, Sihem. Can you tell me the three things that you like doing most in your leisure time?

High school student: Mm... I like listening to music, surfing in the web and watching TV.

Interviewer: Fine. What about sport? Which team sport do you like playing most?

High school student: Let me think. ... I like playing basketball.

Interviewer: My last question is: Apart from the activities you've already mentioned what other activities do you enjoy doing?

High school student: I'm keen on painting. So in my free time, I try to paint tableaux.

Interviewer: Well, thanks for answering my questions. Goodbye.

High school student: Bye.



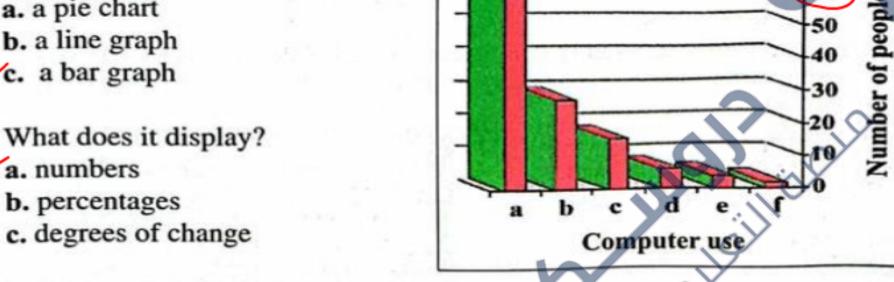
Home computer use by teenagers

ANTICIPATE

Look at the graphic display on the right and answer questions A-E on the left.

- A. What type of graphic display is it? Choose one item.
 - a. a pie chart
 - b. a line graph
 - c. a bar graph
- B. What does it display?
- a. numbers

 - c. degrees of change



- C. What do you think it describes?
 - a. the author's suppositions about the different uses of the computer
 - /b. the results of a survey about the different uses of the computer
 - c. changes of computer use over time
- D. Number 60 at the top of the graphic display represents...
 - a. the total number of people questioned.
 - b. the number of old people who use the computer.
 - c. the number of computers used by people.





حصص مباشرة

حصص مسجلة





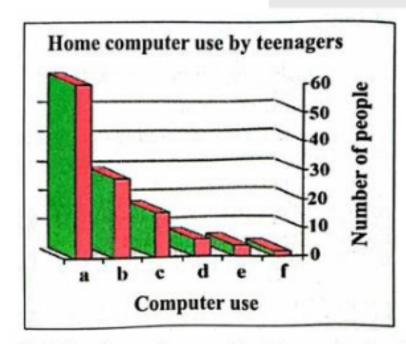








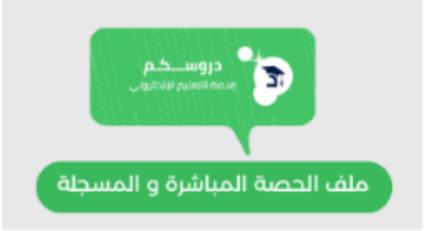




the exact

E. Look at the graph above again. Then guess and write in the boxes the exact number of each group of informants (a-f) who use the computer...

1. to keep addresses and phone no	umbers.	
2. to learn programming.	7	K
3. to play games.	المالي	A
4. as a calculator.	igh	+
5. for their studies.	<i>J.</i>	e
6. to do some word-processing at	home.	b



حصص مباشرة

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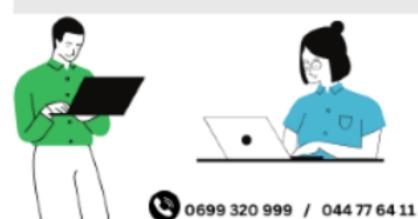




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READ AND CHECK

• Read the report below and check your answers to questions C, D and E on the previous page.

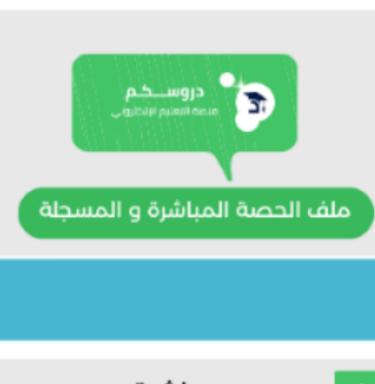


THE TIMES SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13 th, 2004

This report presents details about computer use by a sample group of 60 young people. Everybody thinks that teenagers today know about computers and are familiar with using them. I decided to do a survey to find out if this was true. §1

I questioned sixty young people between 13 and 19 in order to know what they use the computer for. When I asked how many of them had computers, all the teenagers I chose said they had one at home. I asked them how much time they spent on their computer in a week, but my main interest in fact was in what they used their computers for. §2

All the people questioned said that they regularly used the computer to play games. Twenty-eight told me they did some word-processing at home, but not very much. Only 4 of the informants said that their computers helped them with their studies, while 16 of them told me they kept addresses and telephone numbers on their computers - or used them as diaries. Two of them said that they used them as calculators. When asked if they used computers to learn to programme them, only 6 people said they did. The graph gives the overall findings in detail. §3



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Read the text above again and answer the questions below.

C. What does the survey show? Circle the letter of the correct answer. The survey shows that teenagers ...

a. really know how to use the computer.

b. don't really know how to use the computer.

c. don't know anything about computers.

D. Questions 1-4 below are some of the questions that the reporter asked his/her informants. Write 5 other questions that the reporter asked his/her informants in order to get the information in bold in paragraph 3?

1. How much time do you spend using your computer?

2. How many of you have computers?

3. Do you play games on the computer?

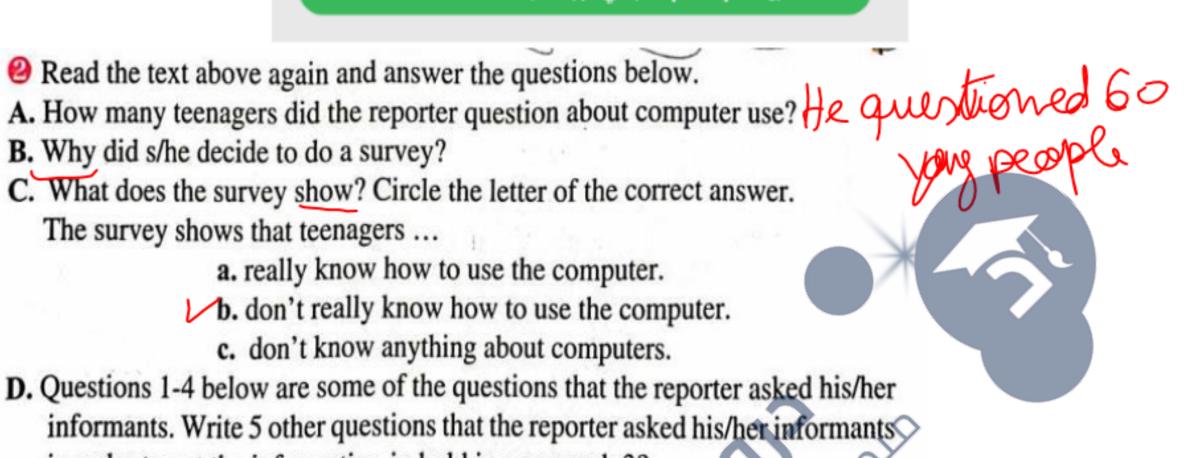
4. Do you use the computer to learn to programme it?

E. What are the verbs the reporter uses to report his findings/results?

F. In which tense are the verbs used for reporting?

G. In which tense are the verbs that follow the reporting verbs?

H. Do you notice any difference in the word order in the reporter's questions in "D" and the way s/he reports them in the text? What conclusions can you draw?



homework



حصص مباشرة

حصص مسجلة













