



# THE SIMPLE PRESENT



When do we use the simple present?



## Habits

I always drink coffee at work.  
He goes to bed at 11 p.m.  
They often eat lunch at school.

## General facts/truths

The sun rises in the east.  
Earth is not flat.  
Water boils at 100 degrees C.

## Future plans/schedules

The train arrives at 3 p.m.  
We fly to Paris on Monday.  
Classes begin next week.

## Present facts/truths

I live in Washington, D.C.  
She is eighty years old.  
He works at Microsoft.

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# Present Simple Tense

|           | Positive                                     | Negative  | Question                                  |
|-----------|--|---|---|
| Structure | I – You – We – They<br>+ verb<br><i>Stem</i> | I – You – We – They<br>+ <u>do not</u> / <u>don't</u> +<br>verb           | <u>Do</u> + I – You – We –<br>They + verb |
|           | He – She – It + verb<br>+ <i>s</i>           | He – She – It +<br><u>does not</u> / <u>doesn't</u> +<br>verb <i>Stem</i> | <u>Does</u> + He – She –<br>It + verb     |

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|      | Positive                | Negative<br><i>don't / doesn't</i>        | Question<br><i>Do / Does ?</i> |
|------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I    | I love comics           | I do not / don't love comics              | Do I love comics?              |
| You  | You love comics         | You do not / don't love comics            | Do you love comics?            |
| He   | He <u>loves</u> comics  | He <u>does</u> not / doesn't love comics  | <u>Does</u> he love comics?    |
| She  | She <u>loves</u> comics | She <u>does</u> not / doesn't love comics | <u>Does</u> she love comics?   |
| It   | It <u>loves</u> comics  | It <u>does</u> not / doesn't love comics  | <u>Does</u> it love comics?    |
| We   | We love comics          | We <u>do</u> not / don't love comics      | Do we love comics?             |
| They | They love comics        | They <u>do</u> not / don't love comics    | Do they love comics?           |





# Present Simple Tense – Verb to Be

|                            | Positive                              | Negative  | Question                                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Structure<br>Verb<br>to be | I + am +<br>complement                | I + am not +<br>complement                            | Am + I +<br>complement ?                   |
|                            | You – We – They +<br>are + complement | You – We – They +<br>are not / aren't +<br>complement | Are + You – We –<br>They + complement<br>? |
|                            | He – She – It + is +<br>complement    | He – She – It + is<br>not / isn't +<br>complement     | Is + He – She – It +<br>complement         |

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|      | Positive                     | Negative   | Question                      |
|------|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| I    | I am an easy-going person    | I am not / I'm not an easy-going person                    | Am I an easy-going person?    |
| You  | You are an easy-going person | You are not / you're not / you aren't an easy-going person | Are you an easy-going person? |
| He   | He is an easy-going person   | He is not / he's not / he isn't an easy-going person       | Is he an easy-going person?   |
| She  | She is an easy-going person  | She is not / she's not / she isn't an easy-going person    | Is she an easy-going person?  |
| It   | It is cold                   | It is not / it's not / it isn't cold                       | Is it cold?                   |
| We   | We are easy-going people     | We are not / we're not / we aren't easy-going people       | Are we easy-going people?     |
| They | They are easy-going people   | They are not / they're not / they aren't easy-going people | Are they easy-going people?   |

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I am  
you are  
He is  
She is  
it is  
We are  
They are  
You are

x  
am not  
aren't  
isn't  
isn't  
isn't  
aren't  
aren't  
aren't

am I  
are you  
is he  
is she  
is it  
are men?  
are they?  
are you?



Mumbai (not to be) isn't in Australia  
it

My friends Samy and Ahmed (to be) are  
the best friends I've ever had.

مركز  
التعليم الإلكتروني



## 1. Read and find.

Find the verbs in the past simple and write them in the boxes.



Yesterday I went to the playground near my house. I had a lot of fun. I played on the swings and the slide but I didn't go on the roundabout. I saw my best friend there. We talked about her birthday and she invited me to her party. Afterwards I didn't want to go home!

went

to go/



We can use the **past simple** to talk about things we did in the past.

The past simple ending is **-ed** for regular verbs:

play – **played**, watch – **watched**, want – **wanted**

Irregular verbs have a special form:

eat – **ate**, write – **wrote**, go – **went**

For the negative, don't change the main verb. Use 'didn't' instead:

play – **didn't play**, eat – **didn't eat**

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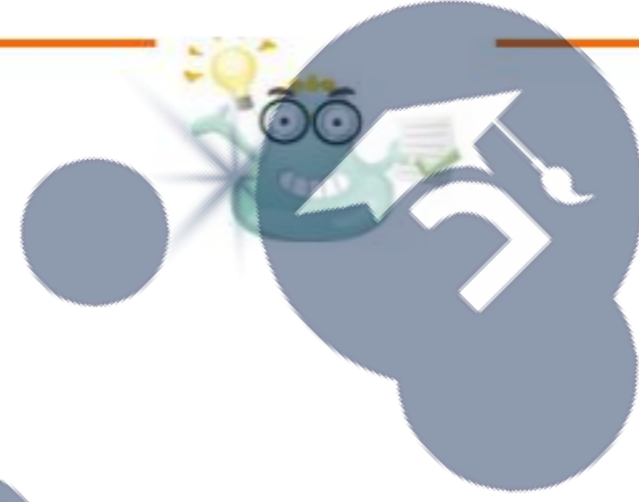
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## 2. Match them up!

Match the verbs with their past simple form.

|       |              |
|-------|--------------|
| go    | talked       |
| talk  | didn't like  |
| do    | went         |
| like  | gave         |
| give  | didn't drink |
| visit | didn't do    |
| drink | didn't walk  |
| walk  | visited      |



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### 3. Fill it in!

Write the past simple of the verb in (brackets) to complete the sentences.

- a. Yesterday I went to the park. **(go)**
- b. My grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ us last week. **(visit)**
- c. Last weekend I \_\_\_\_\_ an email to my friend. **(write)**
- d. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ any computer games last night. **(not play)**
- e. We \_\_\_\_\_ cereal and \_\_\_\_\_ juice for breakfast. **(eat, drink)**
- f. I \_\_\_\_\_ my favourite TV programme yesterday. **(not watch)**
- g. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ me a new pencil case for my birthday. **(give)**
- h. Yesterday I \_\_\_\_\_ to school, I \_\_\_\_\_ by car. **(walk, not go)**

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# Simple past

## 2 Verbs.

### Regular

Verb + ed

played  
Liked + d

Studied + ied (2) (3)

Stopped + C + ed (3)

C V C  
C V C

0. e - i. a - u

### Irregular

go → went

put → put



دار الفروق  
مركز التعليم الإلكتروني



She visited Spain last week.

didn't

She didn't visit Spain last week.

Did?

Did she visit Spain last week?

جامعة الزيتونة الإلكترونية

The **simple future tense** is used to describe an action that happens once in the future.

- Verb endings do not change in the future tense. Use “**will**” or “**going to**” to show that an action or fact pertains to the future.

[Subject] [will be] [verb]

[Subject] [form of “to be”] [going to] [verb]

**Example:** He will clean his room in a few hours.

**Example:** I am going to play in the game tomorrow.

- Add the word “**not**” after “**will**” and before “**going**” and the main verb to form the negative.

**Example:** We will not run in the race tomorrow.

**Example:** Jason is not going to play guitar tonight.

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Write the correct form of the simple future tense using "will".

- 1) I \_\_\_\_\_ (to do) my homework tomorrow.
- 2) Well, I guess we \_\_\_\_\_ (to ride) the bus to work next week.
- 3) He \_\_\_\_\_ (to eat) roast beef for dinner.
- 4) Jane \_\_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_\_ (to quit) her job on Monday.
- 5) I think I \_\_\_\_\_ (to watch) a movie with James tonight.
- 6) When \_\_\_\_\_ Jane \_\_\_\_\_ (to be) old enough to drive?
- 7) My sister \_\_\_\_\_ probably \_\_\_\_\_ (to go) to camp this summer.

Now write the negative of the sentences

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**C Complete the sentences with *will* or *won't* and the verbs below.**

go      want      eat      wear

- 1 I am very hungry. I ..... *will eat* ..... all my food.
- 2 Jack hates loud music. He ..... to go to the pop concert.
- 3 Jane is afraid to fly, so she probably ..... to England with us.
- 4 I don't like this. I don't think I ..... it.



- 1 she / go / to school by bus *Will she go to school by bus?*  
*No, she will go to school by car.*
- 2 she / have / many friends .....
- 3 she / have / an old teacher .....
- 4 she / study English .....





S. Future

Will

/

Won't

Verb (Stem)

She will visit

Spain next week

Won't

See  
go

Stem

داروس داروس داروس  
منظمة التعليم الإلكتروني



## B/-Mastery of Language: (06 Pts)

### Activity 1: Correct the underlined mistakes. (02 pts)

My last holiday were fantastik. I travel to annaba, a very beautiful town.

### Activity 2: Put the verbs between brackets in the correct tense. (02 pts)

Last autumn holidays, I **(to go)** .....on a trip around Algeria. First, I **(to travel)** .....by taxi to an old city in the northeast called Constantine. I **(to see)** .....the splendid Suspended Bridge of Sidi M'Cid. After that, I **(to use)** .....the train to travel to Tamanrasset. In this town, I witnessed the best sunset set in the world in Hoggar Mountians. Finally, I **(to return)** .....to my home after spending enjoyable time.

### Activity 3: Pick up the word with different diphthong sound. (02 pts)

- a) day - high - like - night
- b) take - sight - away - sail
- c) by - arrive - great - time
- d) made - later - holiday - nice



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Mother was cooking while father was watching television.

Past Continuous yesterday at 9 p.m

She was cooking dinner

① to be (was-were) Past  
② V+ing  
while

He was watching TV.

① to be V+ing

① Verb to be was were  
② Verbying



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