



حصص مباشرة

2 حصص مسجلة



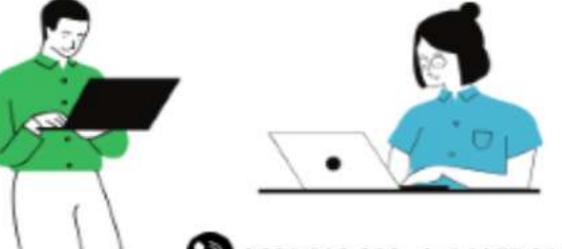












Task 1: Pick out the qualifiers in the following sentences:

- My friend Samy is very smart. >
- Big Ben is absolutely spectacular at night.
- Martyrs Memorial is pretty impressive. >> Pretty
- The great Mosque of Algiers is really big. ___ Really

Task 2: Spot the mistakes and correct them:

- 1- in 1982 martyr's memorial were built In 1982, Mantyr's Memorial was bu
- 2- maca tower is mor high than big ben Maca Tower is higher than Big Ben.
- 3- mohamed is a algerian riter Tohamed so an Algerian vocalles o
- pablo picasso is an Spanish painter. he were born in october 25th: 1881 at malaga
- nabila is an fan of picasso as a result: she visits her house



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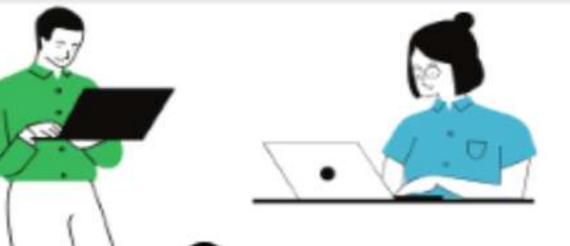
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Task 3: Supply punctuation and capitalization where necessary:

last summer we went to london to see big ben

Task 4: Classify the following words in the right column:

Nine – Fly – High – Mail – Great – Famous – Buy – Eight

/ a1 /
line-Fly-high
1

Task 5: Pick out the silent letters:

Word	Silent Letter
Known	K
Listen	
Autumn	h
Should	L
Climb	B



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Silent letters : K - W - L - B - N

K: K+n eg: Know - Knife

W: W + r eg : Write - Who Two

L: L+d,f,k eg: Should - Talk - Half

B: B+t/m+b eg: Doubt - climb

N:m+n eg: column





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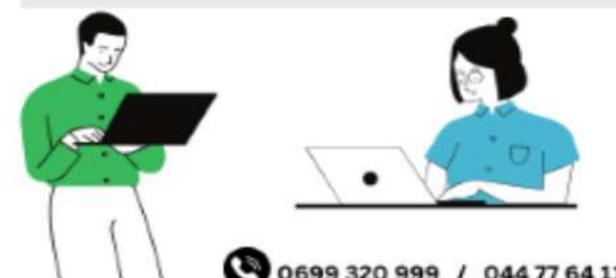












Task 6: Turn the following sentences into the passive:

1-Bachir Yelles design the Eiffel Tower.

The English tower Warn't derigned by Bachin Kellas

2- The Egyptians built the Pyramids.

The pyramids XXXX built by The Egyptians

3- The French army arrested Kateb Yacine.

Katel yacine was arrested by the French army 4- They constructed Martyrs Memorial in 1982,

Mantyrs Memorial Was constructed by them in 1982.

Task 09: I turn the following sentences into active or passive:

1- The Statue of Liberty was given to the United States by France.

2- Leonardo Da Vinci painted Mona Lisa, in 1507.

Mona Lizer. W. a. a. Parmed by L. Dar Minci. M. 1507.

3- Every year, a lot of tourists visit London Bridge and Big Ben part of Lower year. London B. and B. Ben are wished by a lot of only



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إحصاكها أحماله الأشيئاله













I talk to Ahned me you. guen Pannyp

Task 7: use the correct comparative of superiority:

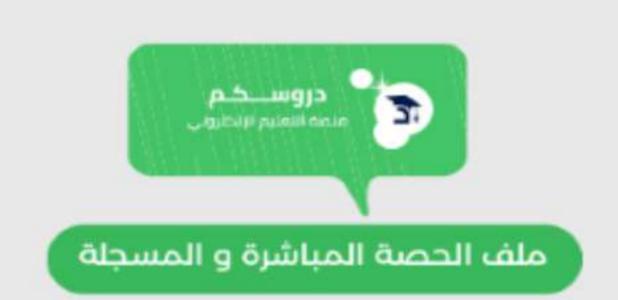


- 4- The Mayan Pyramid is (big) The Giza Pyramid.
- 5- Summer is. hother than (hot) spring.



2) Romeo and Juliet is more formous than Othels.

Gizar pryramid is bigger than the Mayon D.



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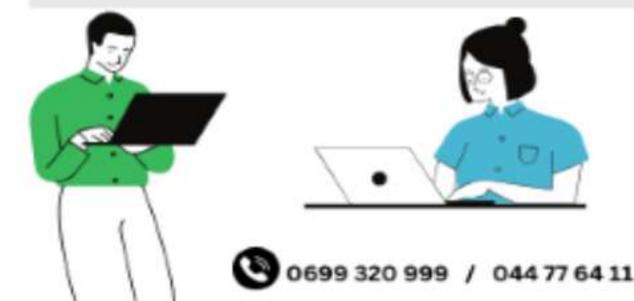
المعراك تحراك الأهوال











Task 8: express "cause" and "effect" in the following sentences:

1-Alhambra is an Arabic word / it's easy to guess its meaning

2- Nabila wanted to see Big Ben / She visited London

As a resull,

3- They were very happy/ The plane was comfortable

ause the plane was comportable, they were



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وعدال في المعللة المعلم المعللة المعللة المعلم المعل













Cause -s as. Since - Because. effect Result >, So / Therefore, / Asa result, what happened? Sona Was illy to she didn't goto shoot Sana draw't go to school because she was il.

MAIR

Task 10: Use the ID card and the fact file to write two paragraphs:

Landmark: Object

Landmark: The Statue of Liberty

Location: New York, USA.

Designer: Frederic Auguste Bartholdi.

Date of construction: October 28th 1886, France.

it is wronted by.

Dedicated: from the Franch to the Americans.

Height: 93 meters.

Number of visitors: 4.2 million per year.

Name of landmark is one of the most famous/historical landmarks in the world / Algeria.

This great landmark was built/designed/constructed in/on + date by + name. It stands + height meters high and considered one of the country's biggest tourist attractions.....

All landmarks must be preserved as they represent our culture, identity and heritage



Outstanding Figure:

Name: Mohammed Dib

Date and place of Birth: July 21st, 1920. Telemcan, Algeria. 5 Simpl

Occupation/Job: Novelist, Playwriter, Poet. Occupation/Job: Noveli

Date and Place of Death: May 2nd 2003 Paris, France.

There are many people who marked their names in history and ...name... is one of them.

Name is one of the most famous + job in the world. He was born in/on +

date of birth in + place of birth. He (wrote / painted / designed / started /

founded+ achievements / works) many Such as......

He also + additional information (use the simple past and the passive) This remarkable figure died but his name will always remain carved in our memory.



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1/ Itinerary: Summer holiday My family and I Went First, we traveled from to where we saw (the great landmark) it was very interesting +(information...). Then, we went to where we visited the wonderful and took a lot of photos there. After that, we drove to where we ate the famous + (food) and we also bought some souvenirs to

the famous name of figure ... was born + information.

remember our trip. Next, we took the bus to where

Finally, we returned to after spending 4 incredible days.

-> Discours Our Country Discours ofther Cultures



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Part Two: Situation of Integration: (08 pts)

Liz, your British web pal, wants to know about your last summer trip around Algeria. Write to her
an email in which you describe your itinerary and talk about the famous landmarks you visited
during this journey.

You may use these cues to help yourself:

- Verbs: travel, visit, see, go, fly, take... etc.
- Adjectives: superb, wonderful, amazing, stunning etc.
- Means of transport: taxi, bus, train, plane... etc.
- Landmarks: Martyr's Memorial, Djemila, Santa Cruz... etc.
- Traditional food: couscous, shakhchoukha, mhajeb, thirda... etc.



I am happy to tell you about the itinerary of my wonderful trip around Europe.

First, I started my trip from the capital London and flew to Lisbon, Portugal. I arrived at 10:00 a.m. I walked around the city where I saw many beautiful sights. Then, I went to Batalha town and visited "Batalha Monastery" which is one of the most impressive masterpieces. I had my lunch there and ate caldo verde soup which is very tasty. After that, I travelled on TGV (high speed train) to Barcelona, Spain, to see the famous building "La Sagrada Familia" which was designed by the talented architect Antonio Gaudi. I took many photos there with some Spanish friends and enjoyed our dinner by having the traditional rice dish "Paella". I spent the night in that town because I wanted to stay with my friends as much as I can. Afterwards, I moved to France and visited the splendid monument made of iron the "Eiffel Tower". I also walked along the Seine banks and ate very delicious crepes. Later, I sailed to Italy on a cruise ship. I visited the floating city "Venice" and walked over lots of bridges like "Rialto Bridge". I ate "spaghetti" at Fiola Restaurant with a fascinating view on canals.

Finally, I came back to London after having nice days and unforgettable moments. What about your summer itinerary?



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व्यक्तिमा द्वाञ्च प्रतिष्ट्य

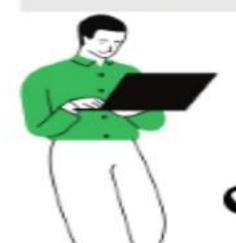














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TEXT:

Magam Eshaheed

"The Martyr's Memorial" located in Algiers, it was designed by "Bachir Yelles". This impressive monument symbolizes the Algerian war for independence.

It is one of the most attractive landmarks in Algiers. The monument was opened in February 1986 on the 20th anniversary of Algeria's Independence by the President Chadli Bendjedid. It is formed in the shape of three palm leaves, each representing a stage of Algiers' struggle. This historical landmark reaches a height of 92 meters above the three supporting fins. it has an Islamic-style tower. Underground, It includes a crypt, an amphitheater and the National Mujahid Museum.

Adapted by: the Teacher

Part one (14pts): A) Reading comprehension (7pts)

Task one: Read the text and fill in the table below (3pts):

Landmark	Location	Designer	Date of opening	Height	Symbol of
***************************************	************		***************************************		
**************************************	************		***************************************	***********	***************************************

Task two: Read the text again and answer the questions (2pts):

a)	Who oper	ned Magam	-
E	shaheed?		

b)	Does it include	de an	-	
A	mphitheatre?			



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Task three	: Find in the text synon	m and opposite of the following words
(2pts):		
	A ++ +!	

Attractive = Closed ≠

B) Mastery of language (7pts)

Task one: Supply punctuation and capitalization where necessary (2pts):

there are many landmarks in algiers such as the casbah

Task two: Rewrite the sentences into Passive voice (3pts):

- a) Bologhine Ibn Ziri built the Casbah $\rightarrow \dots$



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എൻഎ്വി ഉപ്പാപ് പ്രദേശിക്കു













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Task three: Classify the following words in the right box (2pts):

Shape - Height - Style - Stage

/ai/ like	1	2
/ei/ Name	1	2

Part Two (6pts):

Integrated Situation

Your English teacher asked you to write an article about a famous landmark. You have chosen "the ancient Casbah"

Use the information in the chart below and write your article (6 to 8 lines).

Landmark	Location	Date of construction	The founder	Listed by UNESCO	The former name
Casbah	Algiers	16th Century	Bologhine Ibn Ziri	Since 1992	Icosium (Roman)



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എഴുന്നു പ്രവാച്ച















First Term Test of English

The Text

The Poet of the Algerian Revolution

Zakaria Chikh Benslimane, known as Moufdi Zakaria, is one of the most famous activists, poets and writers in the Algerian literature.

He was born on April 12th, 1908 in Beni Yezguen, Ghardaia. He attended school in the M'zab region but his university education was in Tunisia where he met a number of poets including Abu Qacem Echebbi. His first poetry was published in 1925.

When Moufdi returned to Algeria, he was arrested and was impressioned many times because of his revolutionary and political activities. In 1955, he joined the Algerian revolution but he was jailed and spent three years in Serkadji prison.

Moufdi Zakaria is best known for the Algerian national anthem « Kassaman » which he wrote in Serkadji prison in 1955 and became the official anthem after the 5th July 1962. He published many other poems, such as : « Under the Shadow of Olives », « The Holy Flame » and « Iliad of Algeria ».

Moufdi Zakaria died on August 17th, 1977 in Tunisia but <u>his</u> body was transferred to Algeria and was burried in his hometown Beni Yezguen in Ghardaia.

Part One A/ Reading comprehension	Part C	ne A/	Reading	compre	hensio
-----------------------------------	--------	-------	---------	--------	--------

Read the text carefully and do the following activities:

Activity one (03 pts): I read the text and fill in the ID card below

Full Name :						
Nickname :	******				1	
Date and place of birt	<u>h</u> :				5000	7
Occupation :						
Most famous work:						
Date and place of deat	h:					
					,	
Activity two: 1-Answ	er the fol	lowing	questions			
1-Where did Moufdi Zak	aria write	the Nati	onal anthen	n"Kassam	an"?	
2-Was his body buried in	Tunisia?					
<u>=</u> ,, as body barred						
2-What /who do	the under	clined we	rds in the to	owt refer to	2	
	the under			ewi leiel u	<u> </u>	
- <u>which</u> §3	/	<u>his</u> §4				



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Activity three :- Lexis Match each word in columnAto its opposite in column B

A	В
-famous	-last
-was born	-unknown
-first	-released
-arrested	-died

B/Mastery of language

Activity one: Correct the underlined mistakes.

in 1855, Emir Abdelkader and her family move to Syria where he spent the rest of his live.

Activity two: Turn the following sentences into the passive voice

- The struggle for independence inspired many Algerian writers.

~...............

-Moufdi Zakaria wrote a famous poem about Emir Abdelkader.

-Emir Abdelkader founded the modern Algerian nation.

Activity three: Classify the words according to the pronunciation of their vowel sounds:

times - jailed	- diedflame
/ei/	/ai/



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व्यक्तिकार्ये क्षार्यक

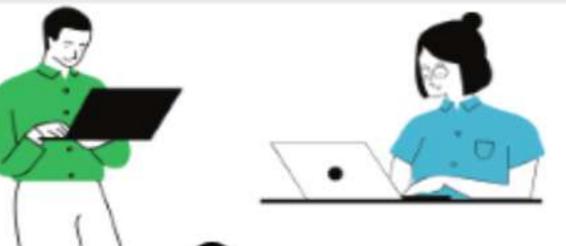












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Part Two / Situation of Integration

A webpage is organizing a competition about famous figures in history around the world. You decided to write an article in which you give biographical information about of the icon of the Algerian struggle against colonial France "Emir Abdelkader"

Use the information on the bio card below to write a short biography of "Emir Abdelkader"

Name: Abdelkader Ibn Muhieddine

Known as: Emir Abdelkader

Date / place of birth: September 8th, 1808 in Guetna, Mascara

Nationality : Algerian

Occupations: writer/ poet/ political leader/ military warrior

He (to lead) Algerian popular resistance for 15 years

Famous writings: (to write) many books - « Call to the Intelligent »

« Warning to the Indifferent » 1855/ and « The Arabian Horse »

Date / place of death: May 26th, 1883 (age of 74) in Damascus , Syria





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وعداك أحمله المهواله















